

MMISSION

OMB APPROVAL
OMB Number: 3235-0123
Expires: September 30, 1998
Estimated average burden

hours per response . . . 12.00

SEC FILE NUMBER 8- 65790

05 FORM X-17A-5 PART III

ART III

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

A. REGISTRA	ANT IDENTIFICATI	ION
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
GlobalVest Group, Inc.		
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS:	(Do not use P.O. Box No	o.)
13 Chamonix		
	(No. and Street)	
Laguna Niguel	California	92677
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON	TO CONTACT IN REGA	ARD TO THIS REPORT
Robert Lechman		(949) 466-6461
		(Area Code — Telephone No.)
B. ACCOUNT	ANT IDENTIFICAT	TON
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opi	nion is contained in this	Report*
Kevin G. Breard, CPA An Accountancy Corpora	ation	
	vidual, state last, first, middle name,	,
9010 Corbin Avenue, Suite 7	Northridge	California
(Address) CHECK ONE:	PROCESSE	(State) Zıp Code)
☐ Certified Public Accountant☐ Public Accountant	FEB 1 6 2005	FEB 0 8 2005
☐ Accountant not resident in United States of	r any of its possessions	
FOR	OFFICIAL USE ONLY	185 /69

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

Do de

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (3-91)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

Ţ	Robert Lechman		, swear (or affirm) that, to the
bes	t of my knowledge and believed. GlobalVest Group, Inc.	f the accompanying financial	statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
	November 30	$\phantom{00000000000000000000000000000000000$	prect. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company
	any partner, proprietor, princustomer, except as follows:	cipal officer or director has an	y proprietary interest in any account classified soley as that of
Sta	ate of		At Reuline Signature
Su	ibscribed and sword (or affir	med) to before	() E(0)
me	e this 30th day of November	<u>, 2004</u>	Title
	Michael of Th	bland	
	Michael J. H Notary Public		MICHAEL L. HOFACRE COMM1462517 NOTARY PUBLIC-CALIFORNIA ORANGE COUNTY OFFICE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT
Thi	is report** contains (check all	applicable boxes):	My Term Exp. Jan. 13, 2008
X	(a) Facing page.(b) Statement of Financial (Ton dition	
×	(c) Statement of Income (L		
×	(d) Statement of Changes in	Financial Condition. Cash Flo	ws
×	(e) Statement of Changes in	Stockholders' Equity or Part	ners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
		Liabilities Subordinated to C	laims of Creditors.
×	(g) Computation of Net Ca	pital nination of Reserve Requireme	into Diversant to Dula 1503.3
×		the Possession or control Req	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		f the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
_			ements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	• •	the audited and unaudited Sta	tements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of con-
×	solidation. (1) An Oath or Affirmation	•	
	(m) A copy of the SIPC Su		
			xist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors GlobalVest Group, Inc.

I have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of GlobalVest Group, Inc. as of November 30, 2004, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of GlobalVest Group, Inc. as of November 30, 2004, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

My examination was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on Schedules I-III are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not required as part of the basic financial statements, but as supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subject to the auditing procedures applied in the examination of the basic financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly stated in all material respect in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole and in conformity with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Kevin G. Breard

Certified Public Accountant

Northridge, California January 12, 2005

> NORTHRIDGE OFFICE PLAZA 9010 CORBIN AVENUE, SUITE 7 NORTHRIDGE, CALIFORNIA 91324 (818) 886-0940 • FAX (818) 886-1924 Breard CPA@aol.com

GlobalVest Group, Inc Statements of Financial Condition November 30, 2004

Assets

Cash Receivable from brokers and dealers Marketable securities, at market Deposit held at clearing Computer software net of \$7,600 accumulated amortization Total assets	\$ 	486,166 24,897 13,156 100,000 30,400 654,619
Liabilities & Stockholders' Equity		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable Commission payable Securities sold, not yet purchased Payable to shareholder Income taxes payable	\$	13,000 358,435 60,785 29,416 1,600
Total liabilities		463,236
Stockholders' equity Common stock, no par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized, 1,000 issued and outstanding Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit	_	194,530 (3,147)
Total stockholders' equity	_	191,383
Total liabilities & stockholders' equity	<u>\$</u>	654,619

GlobalVest Group, Inc Statement of Operations For the Year Ended November 30, 2004

Revenues

Commission income	\$	907,365
Trading gains and losses		(4,007)
Total revenue		903,358
Expenses		
Commissions and brokerage fees		839,664
Occupancy and equipment rental		8,700
Other expenses	_	56,035
Total expenses		904,399
Income (loss) before income tax provision		(1,041)
Income tax provision	_	800
Net income (loss)	<u>\$</u>	(1,841)

GlobalVest Group, Inc Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity For the Year Ended November 30, 2004

	Common Stock	Additional Paid–In <u>Capital</u>	Accumulated <u>Deficit</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance, at November 30, 2003	\$ -	\$ 31,130	\$ (1,306)	\$ 29,824
Contribution of capital	_	163,400	_	163,400
Net income (loss)			(1,841)	(1,841)
Balance, at November 30, 2004	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 194,530</u>	\$ (3,147)	\$ 191,383

GlobalVest Group, Inc Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended November 30, 2004

Cash flow from operating activities					
Net income (loss)				\$	(1,841)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provide	ed b	y			
(used in) operating activities:					
Amortization	\$	7	,600		
(Increase) decrease in:					
Receivable from brokers and dealers		(24	,897)		
Marketable securities, at market		(13	,156)		
Deposits held at clearing		(75	,000)		
Other assets		`	935		
(Decrease) increase in:					
Accounts payable		13	,000		
Commissions payable			,435		
Income taxes payable			400		
Securities sold, not yet purchased		60	,785		
Total adjustments					328,102
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities					326,261
					,
Cash flows from investing activities					
Purchase of software		(38	(000)		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		100	1000,7		(38,000)
					(,)
Cash flows from financing activities					
Proceeds from issuance of additional paid-in-capital		163	,400		
Proceeds from loans from shareholder			,416		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities			, , , , ,		192,816
rect cash provided by (used in) infancing activities					172,010
Net increase (decrease) in cash					481,077
Net increase (decrease) in easi					101,077
Cash at the beginning of the year					5,089
Cash at the end of the year				<u>\$</u>	<u>486,166</u>
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information					
Cash paid during the period ended November 30, 2004					
Income taxes	\$		400		
Interest	\$		-		
merest	Ψ				

Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

GlobalVest Group, Inc (the "Company") was incorporated on June 10, 2002, in the State of California under the name GLBVest, Inc. On October 15, 2002 the Company changed its name to GLB Trading, Inc., and on March 10, 2004 the Company changed its name to GlobalVest Group, Inc. The Company is in the business of securities brokerage and investment counseling. The Company is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers ("NASD") and Securities Investors Protection Corporation ("SIPC").

The Company conducts business on a fully disclosed basis whereby the execution and clearance of trades are handled by another Broker/Dealer. The Company does not hold customer funds and/or securities.

Summary of Significant Accounting Principles

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Securities transactions are recorded on a trade date basis for both the Company's customers and the Company. Marketable securities owned by the Company are accounted for at market value, with market value based on current published market prices. The resulting difference between cost and market (or fair value) is included in income.

For the year ended November 30, 2004, rent expense was \$8,700

Note 2: SECURITIES OWNED AND SOLD, NOT YET PURCHASED

Marketable securities owned and sold, not yet purchased, consist of trading securities and options at quoted market values, as follows:

		Sold
		Not Yet
	Owned	Purchased
Corporate stocks	\$ 13,156	\$ 52,470
Options		8,315
Total	<u>\$ 13.156</u>	\$ 60,785

Note 3: <u>DEPOSITS WITH CLEARING ORGANIZATION</u>

The Company has deposited \$100,000 with their Clearing firm to serve as security for its transactions with them.

Note 4: <u>COMPUTER SOFTWARE, NET</u>

The computer software is at cost. The software is being amortized over its estimated useful life of five (5) years. Amortization expense for the year ended November 30, 2004 was \$7,600.

Note 5: INCOME TAXES

The tax provision consists of the minimum \$800 California Franchise Tax. No Federal tax provision has been recorded, as the Company incurred a loss for the year ended November 30, 2004. The Company has elected to carry forward the loss to offset future taxable income.

The Company has certain deferred tax assets related to its net operating loss carryforwards. There is no assurance that future taxable income will be sufficient to realize the net asset or utilize the tax carryforward. The Company has determined that it is more likely then not that the deferred tax asset may not be realizable. Therefore, a 100% valuation allowance has been recorded.

Note 6: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company is currently operating out of the home of its majority shareholder. The Company has a written agreement to pay \$900 per month for this office space.

The payable to shareholder of \$29,416 is to this same shareholder. The loan to the Company is non-interest bearing and due on demand.

Note 7: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In January 2003, The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB) issued FASB Interpretation No. 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities" (FIN 46"). This interpretation of Accounting Research Bulletin No. 51, requires companies to consolidate the operations of all variable interest entities ("VIE's") for which they are the primary beneficiary. The term "primary beneficiary" is defined as the entity that will absorb a majority of expected losses, receive a majority of the expected residual returns, or both. This interpretation was later

Note 7: <u>RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS</u> (Continued)

revised by the issuance of Interpretation No. 46R ("FIN 46R"). The revision was issued to address certain implementation issues that had arisen since the issuance of the original interpretation and to provide companies with the ability to defer the adoption of FIN 46 to periods after March 15, 2004. The implementation of FIN No. 46 and FIN 46R, had no material impact on the Company's financial statements.

On July 16, 2004, the FASB ratified the Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") consensus on Issue 02-14, "Whether the Equity Method of Accounting Applies When an Investor Does Not Have an Investment in Voting Stock of an Investee but Exercises Significant Influence through Other Means" ("EITF 02-14"). The consensus concludes that an investor should apply the equity method of accounting when it can exercise significant influence over an entity through a means other than holding voting rights. The consensus is effective for reporting periods beginning after September 15, 2004. The adoption of EITF 02-14 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In December 16, 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment" ("FASB 123R"), which addresses the accounting for employee stock options. FASB 123R requires that the cost of all employee stock options, as well as other equity-based compensation arrangements, be reflected in the financial statements based on the estimated fair value of the awards. Stock options are a valuable and important tool that have been used by many companies as a means to motivate employees and to promote business growth. The statement requires that the value of these arrangements be measured and recognized in the financial statements. FASB 123R becomes effective for reports filed after June 15, 2005. Early adoption of FASB 123R had no material effect on the Company's financial statements.

Note 8: COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change day to day, but on November 30, 2004, the Company had net capital of \$142,584, which was \$42,584 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000; and the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness (\$402,451) to net capital was 2.82 to 1, which is less than the 15 to 1 maximum ratio required of a Broker/Dealer.

Note 9: RECONCILIATION OF AUDITED NET CAPITAL TO UNAUDITED FOCUS

There was a \$13,340 difference between the computation of net capital under net capital Sec. Rule 15c3-1 and the corresponding unaudited focus part IIA.

Net capital per unaudited schedule		\$ 155,924
Adjustments: Accumulated deficit Adjustments to net worth Non-allowable assets Haircuts and undue concentration	\$ (1,908) 784 6,967 	
Total adjustments		(13,340)
Net capital per audited statements		<u>\$ 142,584</u>

GlobalVest Group, Inc Schedule I - Computation of Net Capital Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 As of November 30, 2004

Computation of net capital			
Stockholders' equity Common stock	\$		
Additional paid-in capital	Ф	194,530	
Accumulated deficit		(3,147)	
Total stockholders' equity	_	(3,177)	\$ 191,383
Total Stockholders Equity			Ψ 171,505
Adjustments to net worth			
Net adjustments for hedges in-the-money		2,550	
Net adjustments for short options in-the-money		(1,766)	
Net adjustments to net worth			784
Less: Non-allowable assets			
Computer software		(30,400)	
Total non-allowable assets		130,7007	(30,400)
10111 11011 11110 11110 11100110			<u> </u>
Tentative net Capital			161,767
Haircuts and undue concentration			
Haircuts on securities		(19,183)	
Undue concentration			
Total haircuts and undue concentration			(19,183)
Net capital			142,584
Computation of net capital requirements			
Minimum net capital requirements			
6 2/3 percent of net aggregate indebtedness	\$	26,830	
Minimum dollar net capital required	\$	100,000	
Net capital required (greater of above)			100,000
Excess net capital			<u>\$ 42,584</u>

There was a \$13,340 difference in net capital computed above and that which was reported by the Company's unaudited Form X-17A-5 report dated November 30, 2004. See Note 9.

2.82:1

Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital

GlobalVest Group, Inc Schedule II - Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 As of November 30, 2004

A computation of reserve requirement is not applicable to GlobalVest Group, Inc as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3 (k)(2)(ii).

GlobalVest Group, Inc Schedule III - Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 As of November 30, 2004

Information relating to possession or control requirements is not applicable to GlobalVest Group, Inc as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3 (k)(2)(ii).

GlobalVest Group, Inc.

Supplementary Accountant's Report

on Internal Accounting Control

Report Pursuant to 17a-5

for the Year Ended November 30, 2004



Board of Directors GlobalVest Group, Inc.

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of GlobalVest Group, Inc. (the Company), for the year ended November 30, 2004, I considered its internal control structure, for the purpose for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), I have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by GlobalVest Group, Inc. including tests of such practices and procedures that I considered relevant to objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, I did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph in fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgements by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the proceeding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

i

NORTHRIDGE OFFICE PLAZA 9010 CORBIN AVENUE, SUITE 7 NORTHRIDGE, CALIFORNIA 91324 (818) 886-0940 • FAX (818) 886-1924 Breard CPA@aol.com Because of inherit limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

My consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, I noted no matters involving the internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, that I considered to be material weakness as defined above.

I understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purpose in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on my study, I believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at November 30, 2004 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies which rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and should not be used for any other purpose.

Kevin G. Breard

Certified Public Accountant

Northridge, California January 12, 2005